



Architecture Design, Simulation and Visualization Using SysML

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- Motivation and description of an Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) approach
- Present a sample Architecture, Simulation and Visualization
- Application of processes and tools for MBSE
 - OMG Systems Modeling Language (SysML)
 - IBM Rational Harmony Process for Systems Engineers
 - IBM Rational Rhapsody modeling tool for SysML and Harmony





- Applying Modeling and Simulation for Systems Engineering
- Conceptual Model Black Box
- Logical Model White Box
- Visualization Executable Model





- Applying Modeling and Simulation to System Engineering
 - Architectural Modeling Purpose
 - Advantages Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE)
 - SysML and Model Based Systems Engineering
 - SysML Model Functional Grouping
 - MBSE Process Using SysML Rhapsody and Harmony
 - Application of Modeling
 - Demo Problem Description



• Why

- To provide a solution that satisfies the Stakeholders
- When
 - Before implementation is started
- What
 - Documents the design of the solution
- How
 - Use the Systems Modeling Language (SysML) specification for models
- Where
 - Executable Architecture provides system Simulation and Visualization
- Who
 - Systems Engineer and Architect

Advantages of Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE)



- Provides a mechanism to capture and verify requirements
- Requirements can be allocated and traced to its source
- Diagrams are integrated with each other to provide a cohesive view of the architecture
- Models are used to define message definition and port interfaces that define the systems interface specification
- System integration and testing risks are reduced with the use of model diagrams that are the basis for system specifications and test plans
- Objects can be defined with interfaces (messages, message formats, and ports) and functions be defined with models that can be simulated

SysML and Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE)

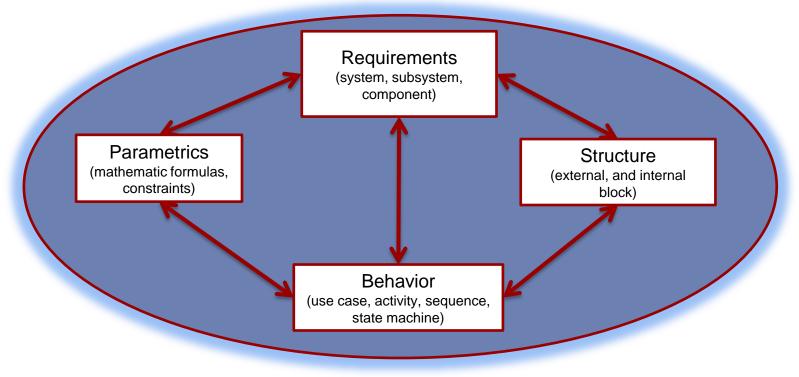


- SysML was developed as an extension to UML to provide a modeling capability for the Systems Engineers to create static and dynamic models of the systems architecture
- Uses SysML to:
 - Support the concepts of describing a model with all activities performed by one or more system scenarios
 - Provide allocation of scenario activates to objects that can then be defined as system hardware components
 - Implement the architectural model using state diagram that when executed provide a simulation of the scenario execution on the architectural model
 - Provides a verification of model execution state diagram functionality against the designed scenario activities and interactions between actors and the system

SysML Model Functional Grouping

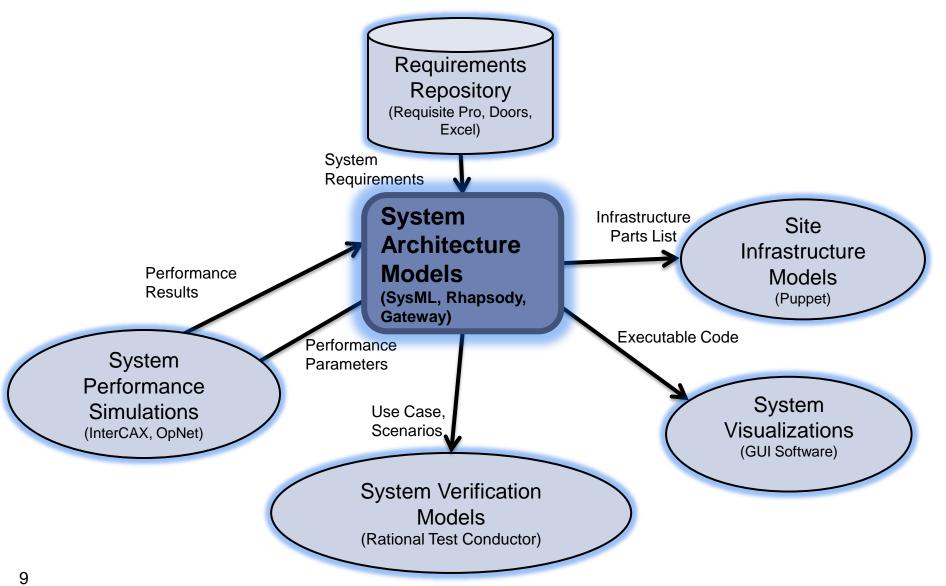


- SysML can be grouped into four functional areas
 - Each group is implemented using the shown SysML diagrams
 - The groups also interact with each other to provide a cohesive architectural model



Model Based Systems Engineering Framework

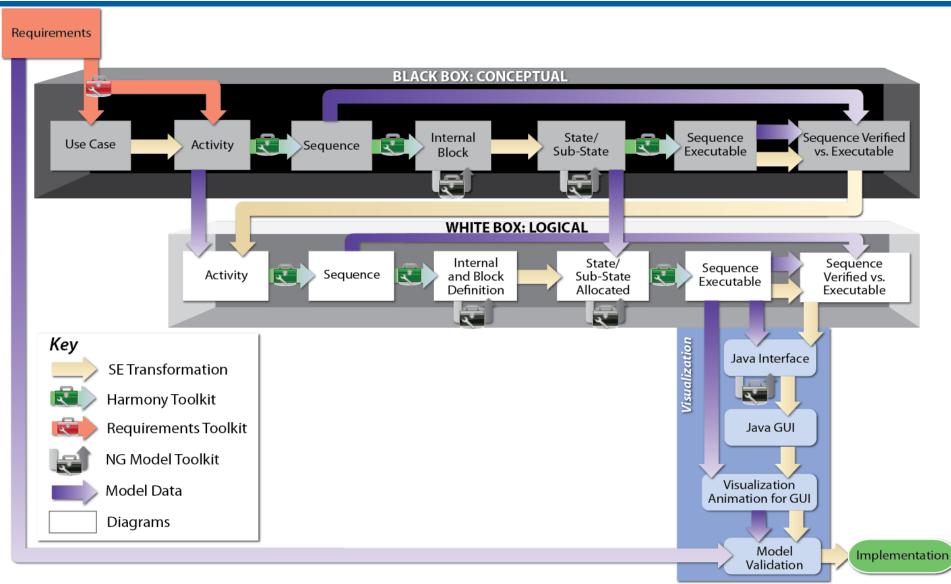




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MBSE Process Using SysML Rhapsody and Harmony





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Modeling artifacts can support the development of:

- Concept of Operations specification (CONOP)
- System Capabilities Validation
- Architecture Design
- System Data use and flow
- Component Specifications
 - Software
 - Hardware
- Inputs to OpNet
 performance modeler
 - Architecture
 - Scenarios

- Software
 - Activities
 - Messages
 - Data
- Hardware
 - Parts list
 - Interconnect diagram
- System Interface Verification
- Test Plans

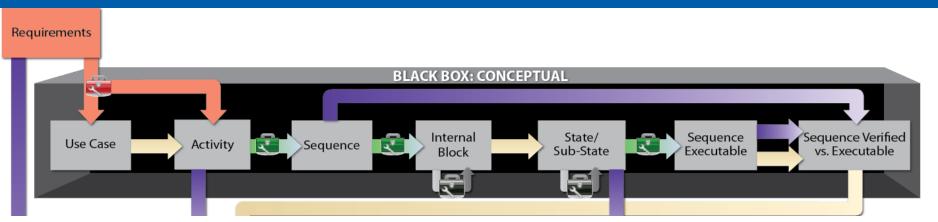
Demo Problem Description



- Data Exfiltration Using Botnet Demo
 - Hacker wants to gain access to User data on his system and have it sent back
 - Hacker created a Botnet consisting of multiple Drones (use of un-secure computers) that are used to attack the User
 - On each Drone the hacker uses a Command and Control Computer to remotely install Malware
 - User protection consists of a Firewall and Analyst to evaluate questionable messages
 - If Firewall or Analyst determine message sent is an attack then the message is blocked from accessing the Users system
 - If Malware command gets through (unrecognized signature) the Firewall and Analyst then the Malware downloads data from the Users system to the Hacker

Conceptual Model - Black Box





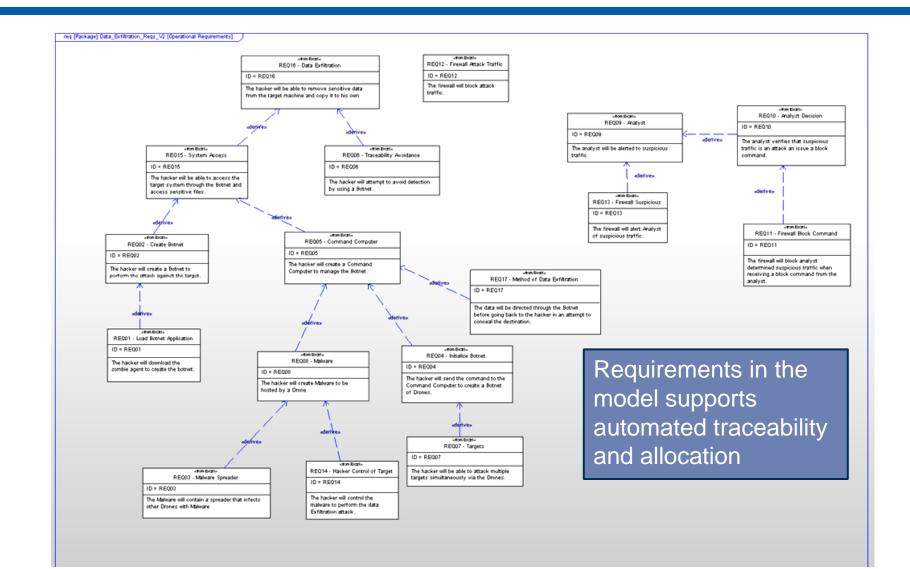
System Requirements- Black Box Diagrams

- Use Case
- Activity Scenario
- Sequence
- Internal Block
- State
- Sub-State

- Sequence Executable
- State Executable
- Sequence Verified vs. Executable

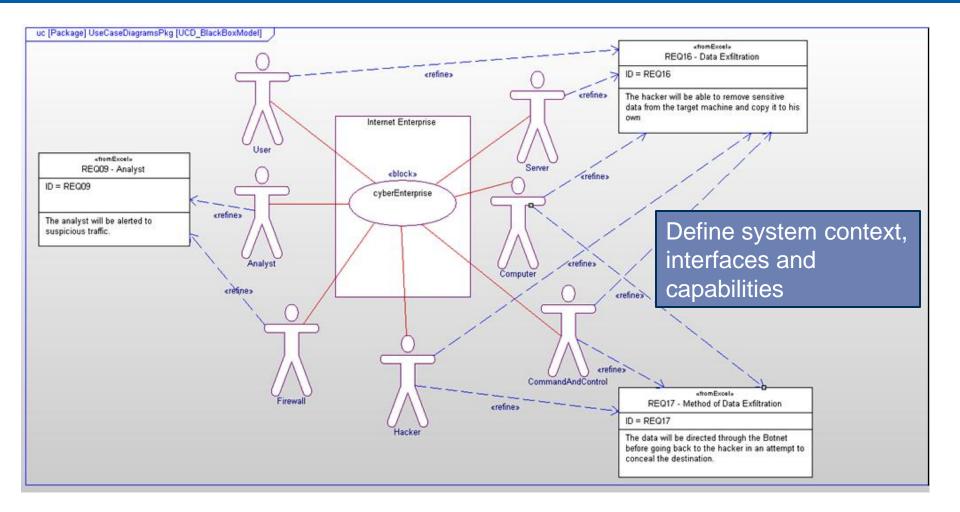
System Requirements





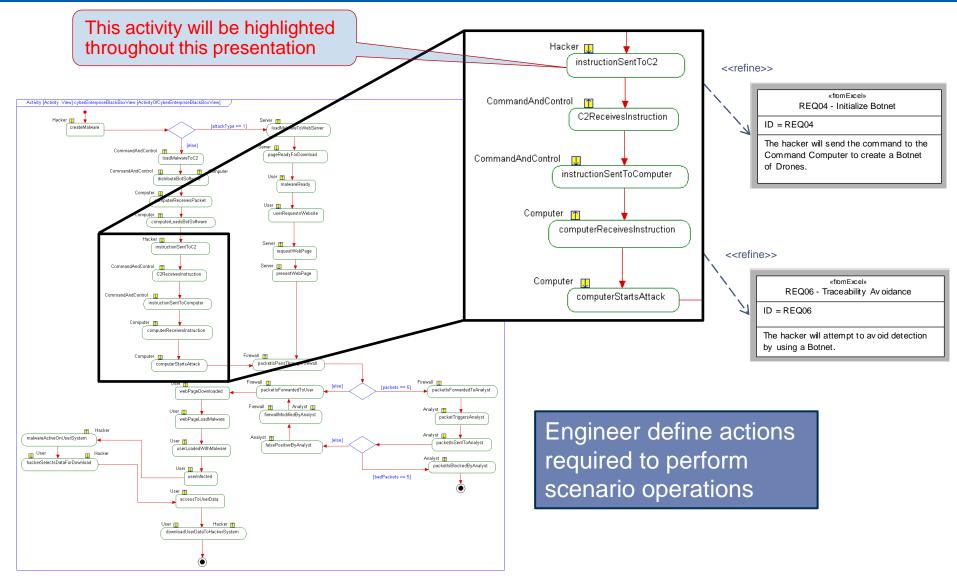
BB Use Case





BB Activity - Scenario





BB Sequence

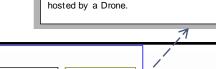
Server

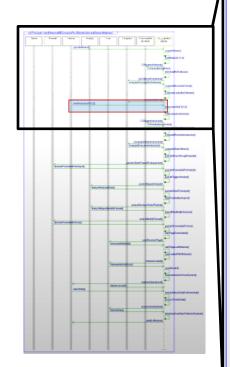


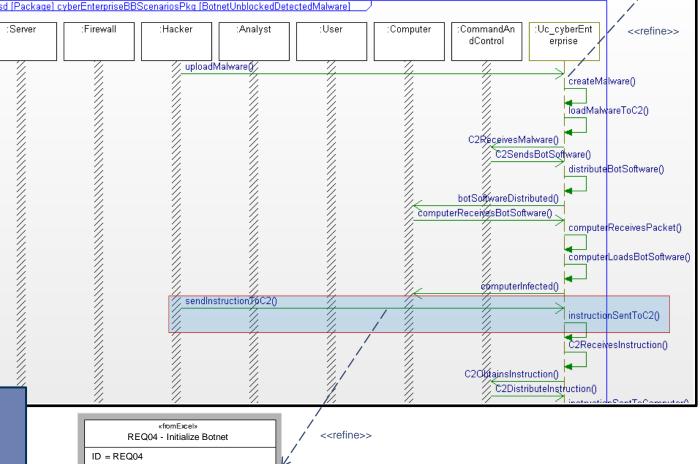
«fromExcel» REQ08 - Malware

ID = REQ08

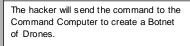
The hacker will create Malware to be





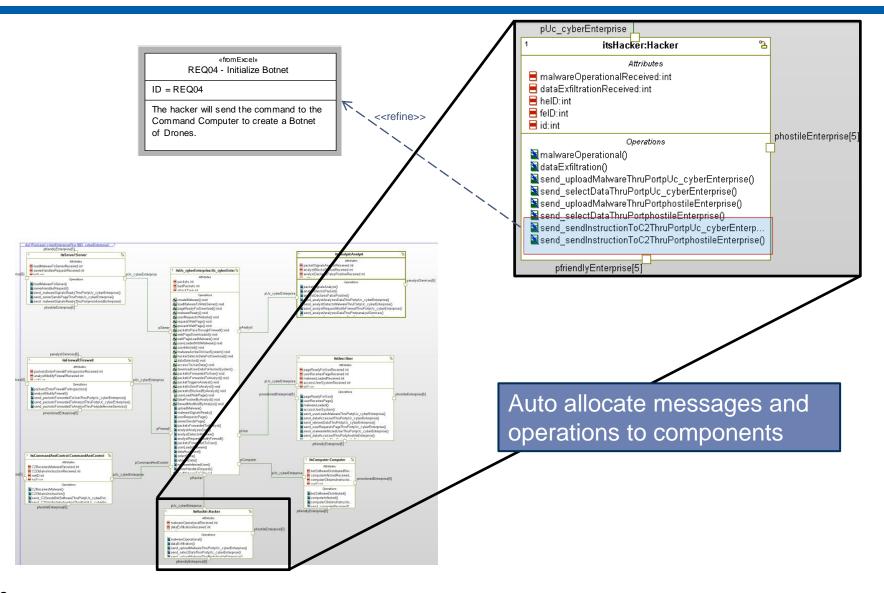


Auto generate sequences from Activity diagram



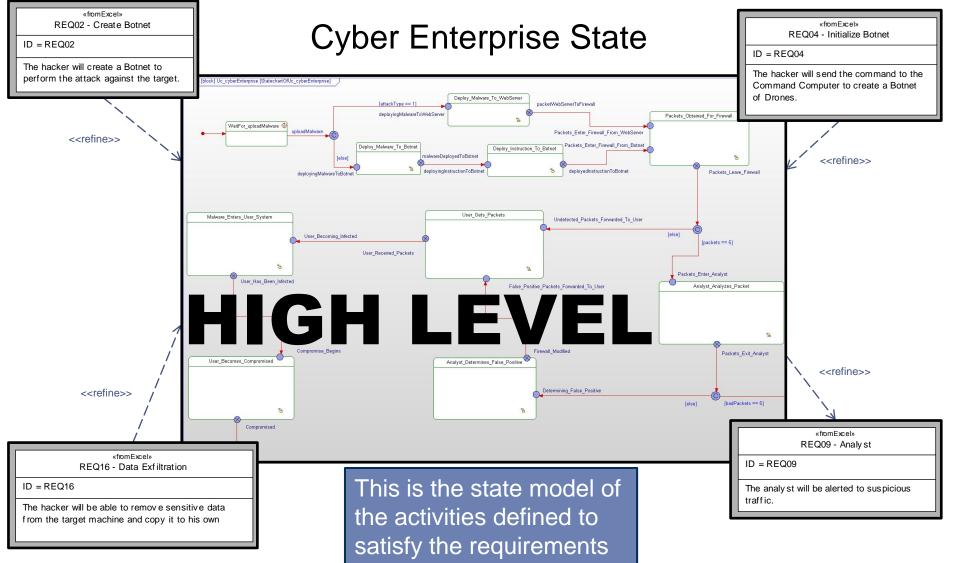
BB Internal Block





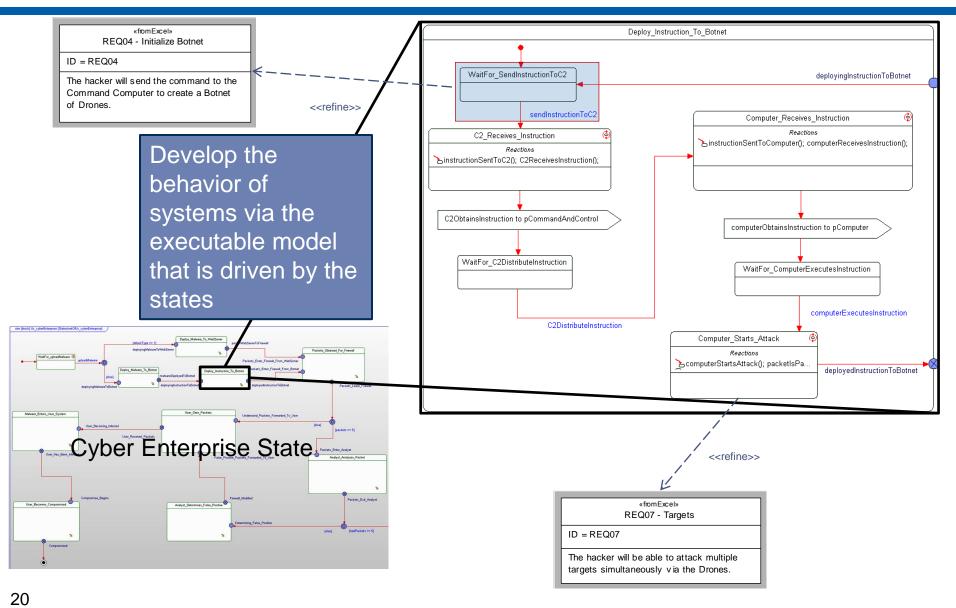
BB State





BB Sub-State

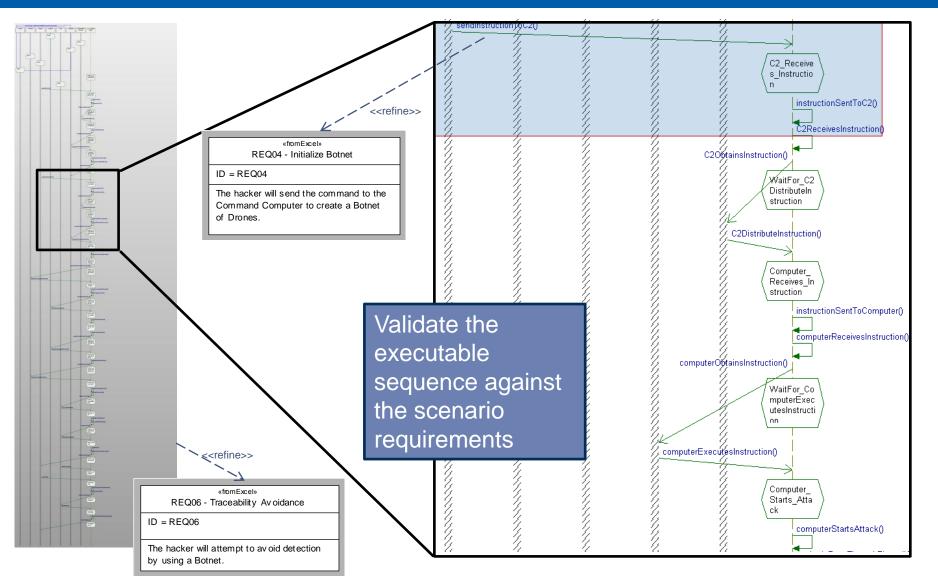




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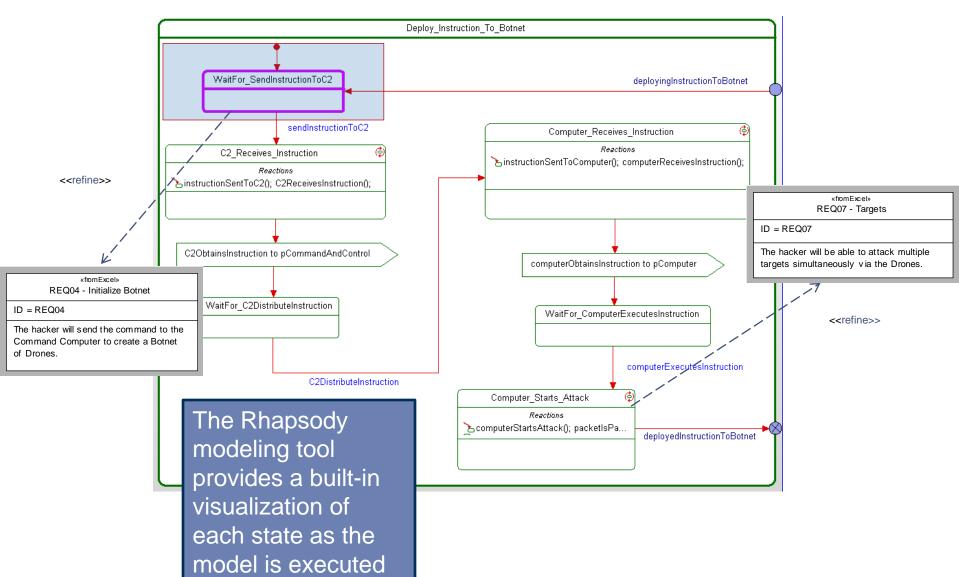
BB Sequence - Executable



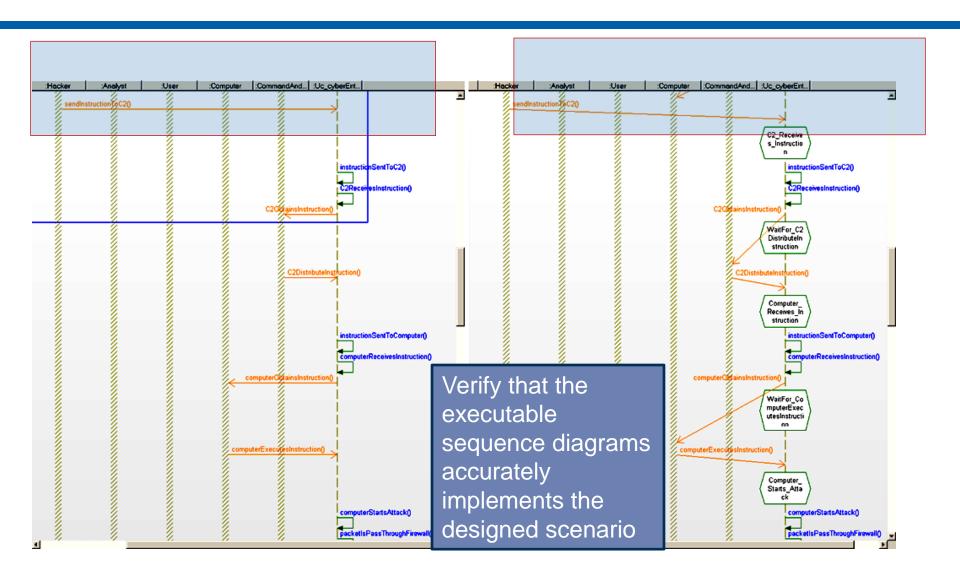


BB State – Executable - Visualized



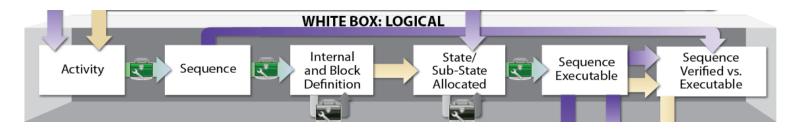


BB Sequence Verified Versus Executable



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Logical Model – White Box

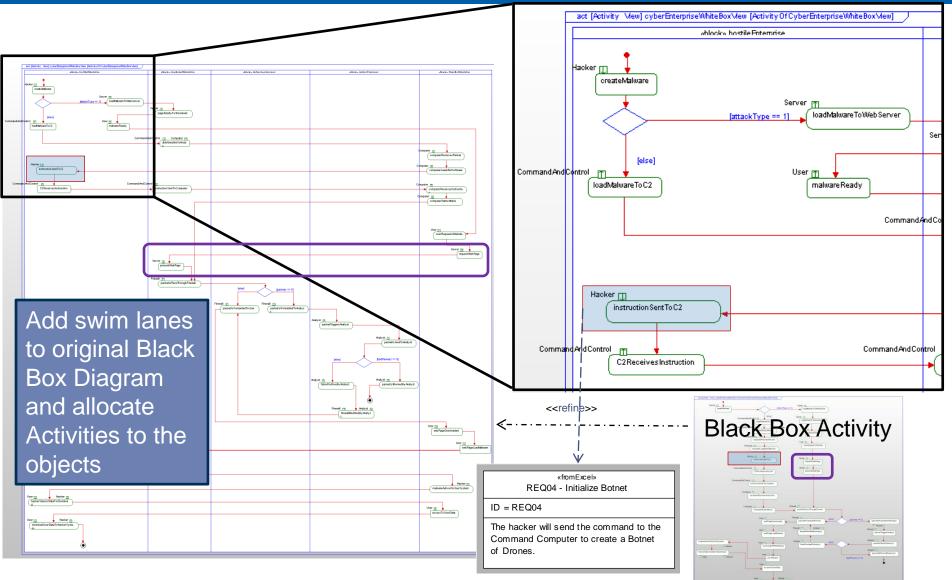


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- White Box Diagrams
 - Activity Swim Lanes
 - Sequence Logical
 - Internal Block Physical
 - Block Definition Physical
 - State Allocated
 - Sub-State Allocated
 - Sequence Executable
 - State Executable
 - Sequence Verified vs. Executable

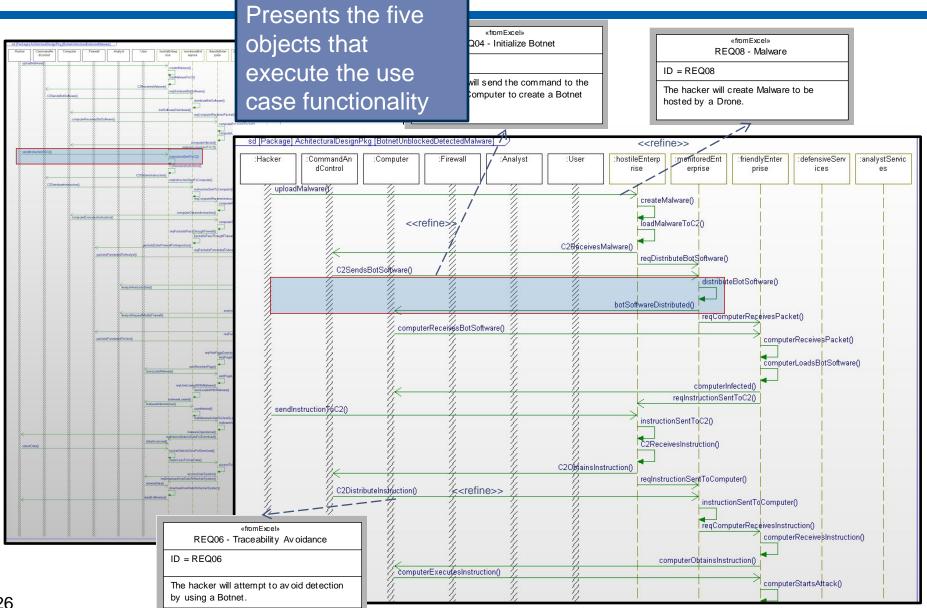
WB Activity – Swim Lanes





WB Sequence

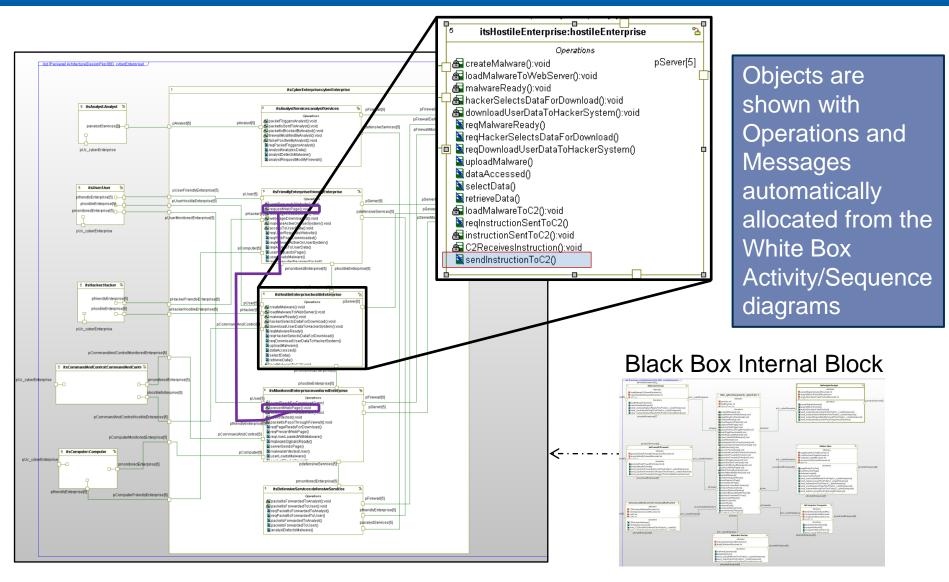




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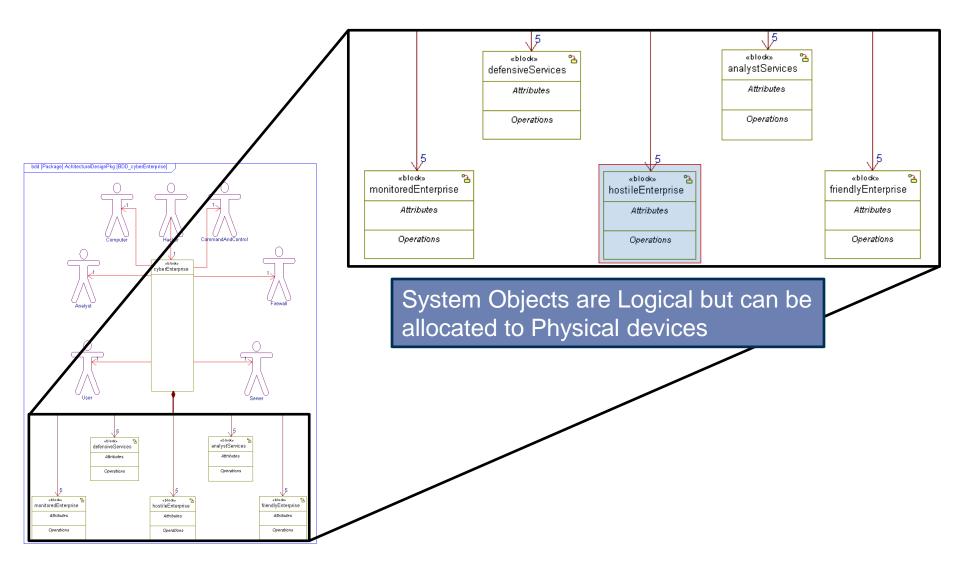
WB Internal Block



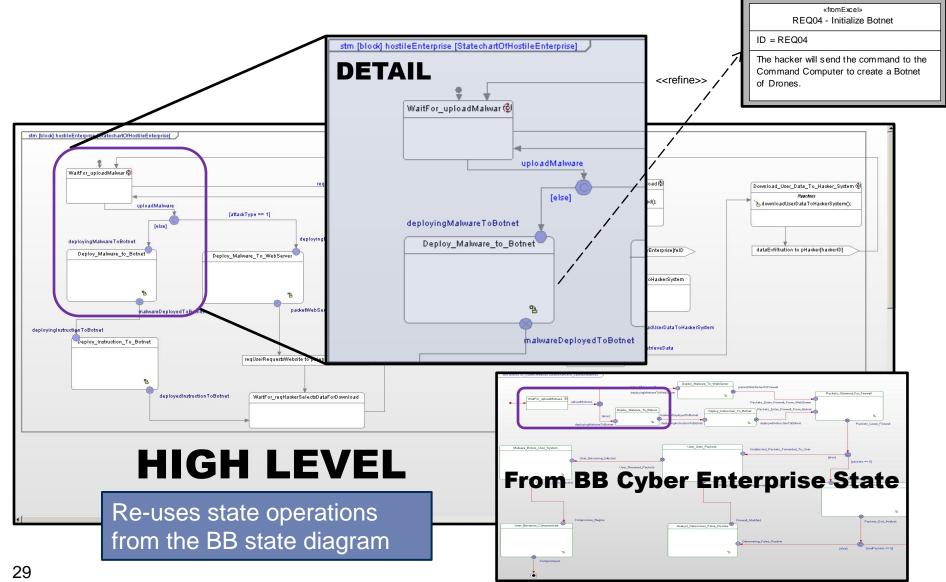


WB Block Definition



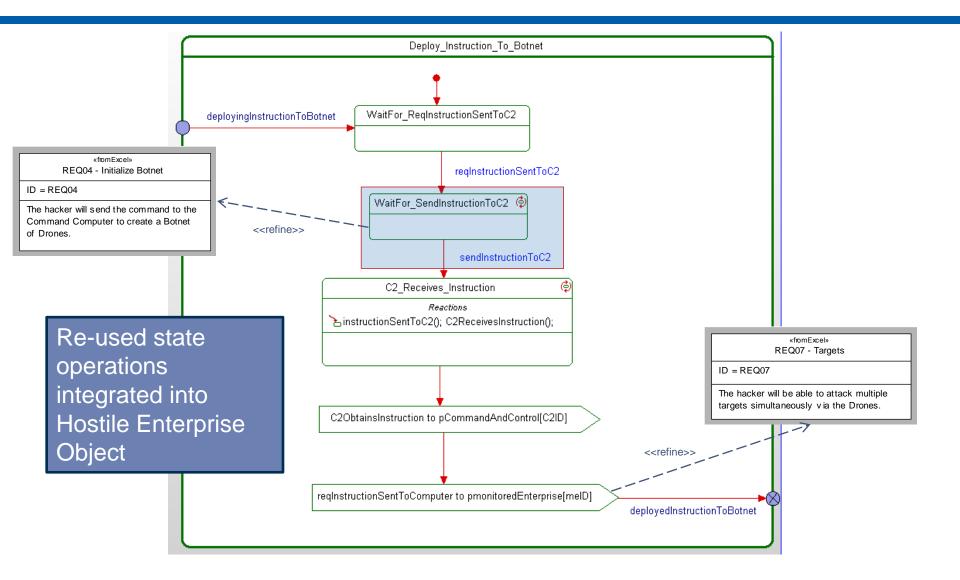




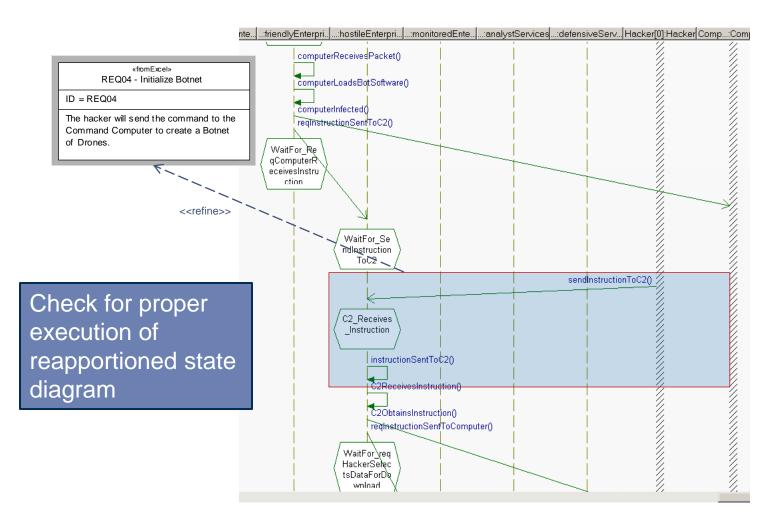


WB Sub-State - Allocated





WB Sequence - Executable

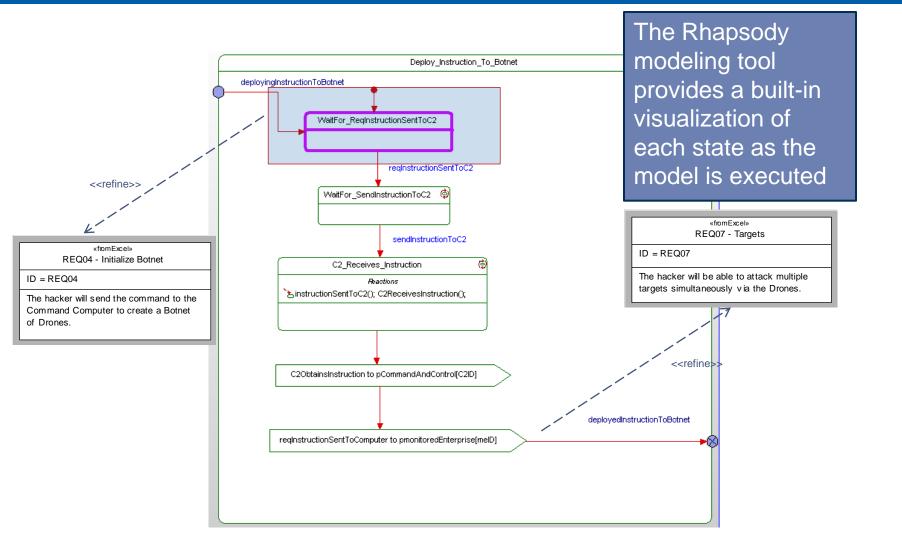


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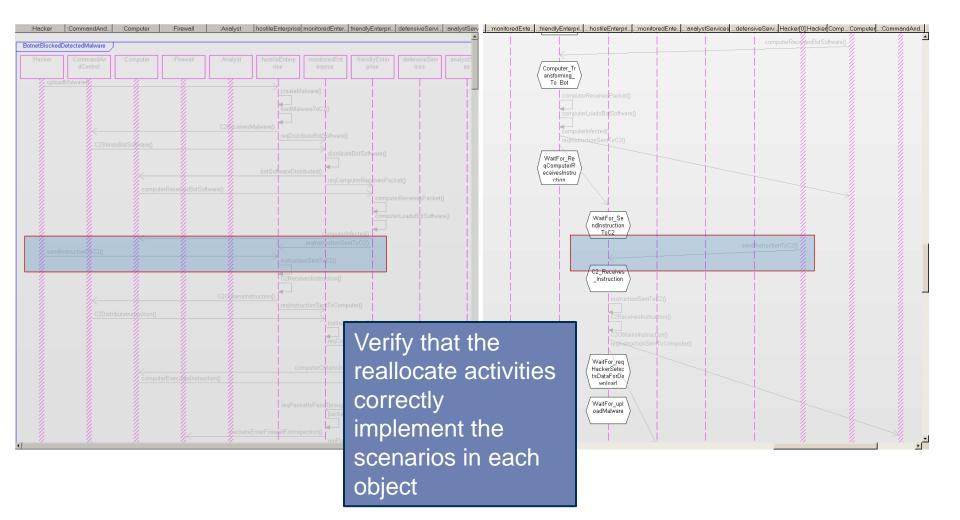
WB State - Executable - Visual





WB Sequence – Verified vs. Executable





Visualization



- Purpose
 - Verification of Requirements
 - Models provides a mechanism to verify that Requirements are implemented in the design
 - Validation of Design
 - The model visualization allows the Stakeholder to Validate that the systems performs that capabilities that were intended
- Demonstration
 - Visualization of Executable Demo on World Map
 - A high level animation is shown on the world map to present visually how attacks are directed and detected



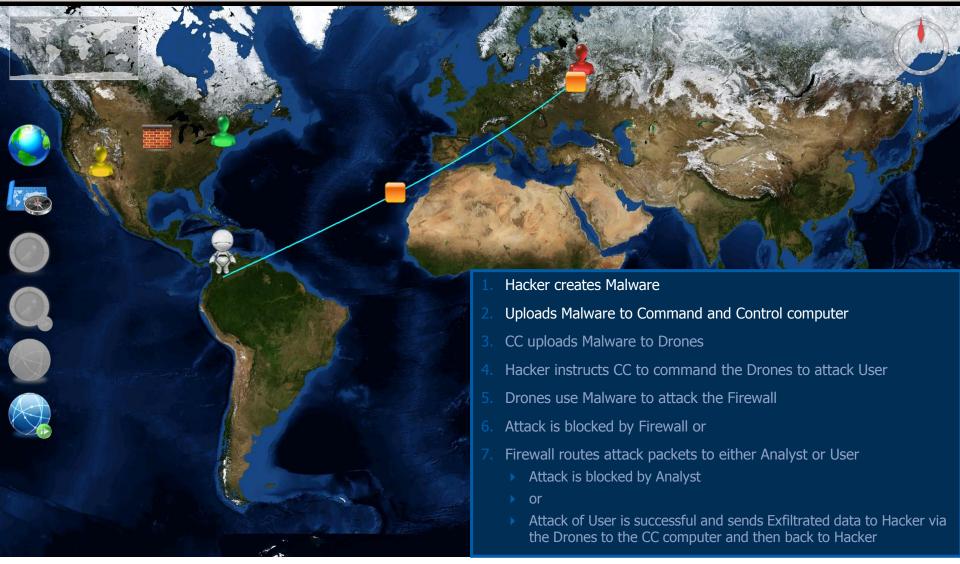
Demo

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Hacker Uploading Malware to Command and Control



e Edit View Window Help



Command and Control Uploads Malware to Drones



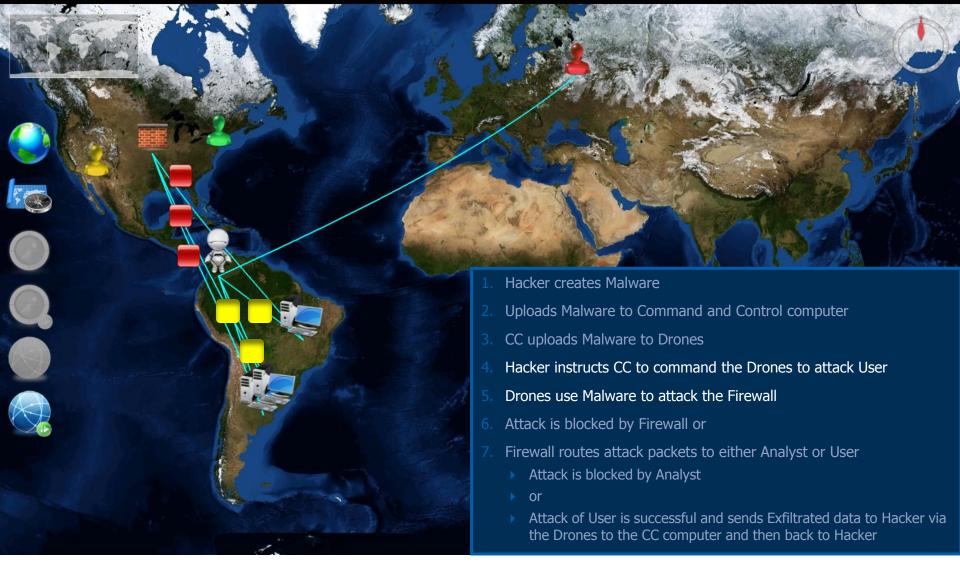
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Drones Use Malware to Attack Firewall



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Firewall Blocks Packet



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Firewall Routes Attack Packets to Analyst



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Analyst Blocks Packet



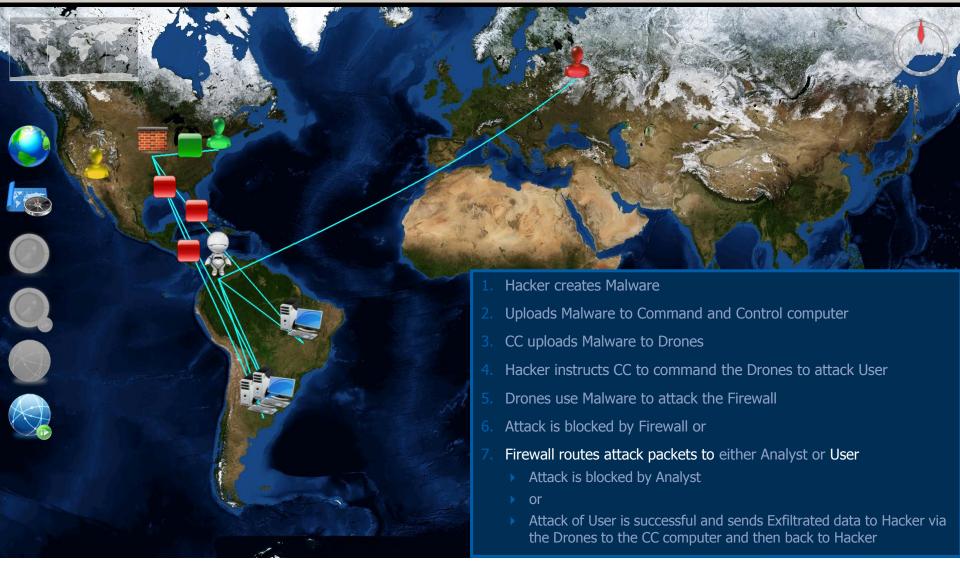
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Firewall Routes Attack Packets to User



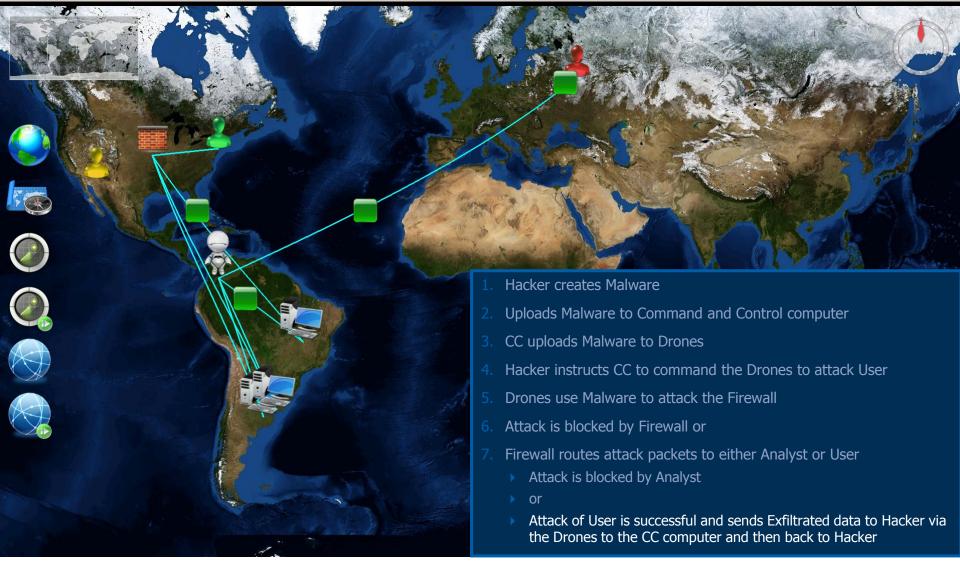
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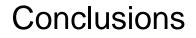


Successful Data Exfiltration to Hacker



ile Edit View Window Help







- The Model Based System Engineering capability:
 - Reduce design and specification errors that have to be corrected at greater cost during the system development
 - Reduced manually induced design errors since the tool has the capability to automatically create diagrams from data entered into the previous diagram
 - Provides for modeling of the requirements in the architecture of the system for an integrated view of the system
 - The simulation of the architecture and its visualization provided a more accurate view for the Stakeholders to determine that the design meets the needs their needs

Data Exfiltration Using a Botnet Model Simulation







Questions

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